

AFOEHL REPORT 90-064EQ00094DEF

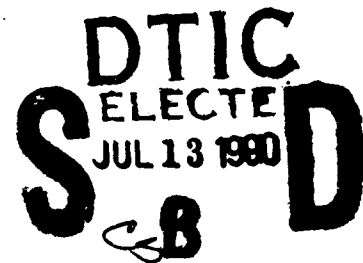


**Source Emission Test of Gas Turbine
Engine Test Facility
Kelly AFB TX**

**RONALD W. VAUGHN, Capt, USAF, BSC
PAUL T. SCOTT, Capt, USAF**

April 1990

Final Report



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**AF Occupational and Environmental Health Laboratory (AFSC)
Human Systems Division
Brooks Air Force Base, Texas 78235-5501**

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13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 words) Source emission testing was conducted on the F-15 JFS and GT CP 85-180 gas turbine engines for particulates, carbon monoxide, total hydrocarbons, sulfur dioxide and nitrogen oxide. The present Gas Turbine Engine Test Facility is grandfathered per Texas Air Control Board and Federal (40CFR60) Regulations. The data in this report will be used to initiate a permit application for a new Gas Turbine Engine Test Facility.				
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DTIC TAB	<input type="checkbox"/>
Unannounced	<input type="checkbox"/>
Justification	
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I. INTRODUCTION

On 15 Nov 89, source emission testing for particulates, carbon monoxide (CO), total hydrocarbons (HC), sulfur dioxide (SO₂), and nitrogen oxides (NO_x) was conducted on the Gas Turbine Engine Test Facility, Bldg 340, by personnel from the Air Quality Function of the AF Occupational and Environmental Health Laboratory Environmental Quality Division (AFOEHL/EQ). This survey was requested by SA-ALC/EM to determine emission data on various gas turbine engines. The emission data will be used to initiate a permit application for a new Gas Turbine Engine Test Facility. Personnel involved with on-site testing are listed in Appendix A.

II. DISCUSSION

A. Background

SA-ALC/EM requested emission data on various gas turbine engines. This information is required to initiate a permit application for a new Gas Turbine Engine Test Facility. No emission data could be located for two of the engines. SA-ALC/EM then requested source emission testing at the existing facility to determine emission data for these gas turbine engines.

B. Site Description

The Gas Turbine Engine Test Facility, Bldg 340, is a one story building located on Kelly AFB. The building is divided into several test cells (Fig 1). Cells 8 and 15A were selected for emission testing. The exhaust stacks for cells 8 and 15A are shown in Figures 2 and 3, respectively. Cell 8 was used to test gas turbine engine GTCP 85-180. Cell 15A was used to test jet fuel starter F-15 JFS.

C. Sampling Methods and Procedures

Federal Regulations require that stack emission testing be conducted in accordance with Appendix A and B to Title 40, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 60 (40 CFR 60). Determination of gas turbine engines emissions is to be done in accordance with Title 40, Code of Federal Regulations, Part 87. Therefore, sample train preparation, sampling and recovery, calculations and quality assurance were done in accordance with the methods and procedures outlined in 40 CFR 60 and 87.

Five sampling ports were installed on one side of the rectangular stacks resulting in five traverses of the stack cross-section. The ports on Cells 8 and 15A were installed approximately 1 and 1.5 duct diameters upstream and 2.8 and 4 duct diameters downstream from any flow disturbance, respectively. Based on the inside stack diameter, port location and type of sample (particulate), 25 traverse points (5 per traverse) were used to collect a representative sample.

Prior to the emission test on each stack, cyclonic flow was determined by using the Type S pitot tube and measuring the stack gas rotational angle at each traverse point. Flow conditions were considered acceptable when the arithmetic mean of the rotational angles was 20 degrees or less. A preliminary velocity pressure traverse was also accomplished concurrently.

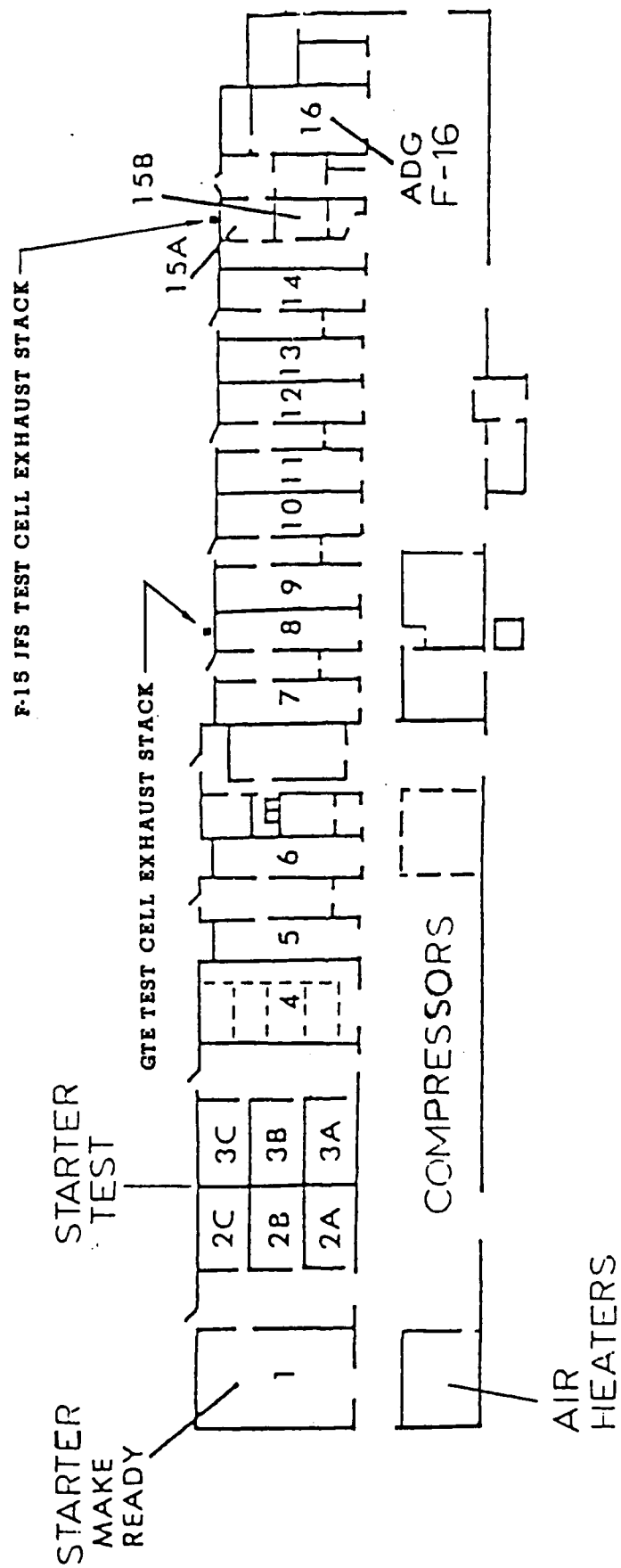


Figure 1. Schematic of Gas Turbine Engine Test Cell Facility

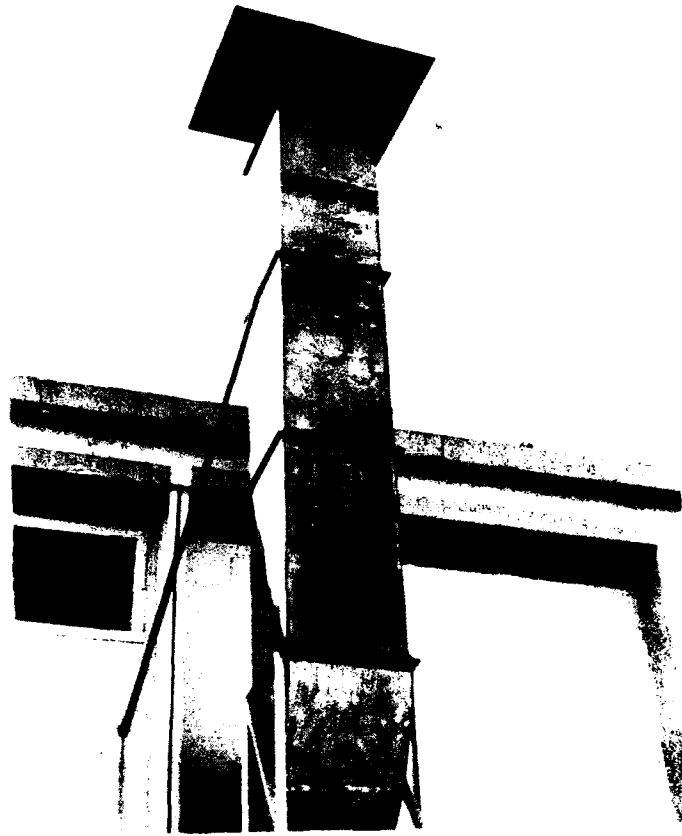


Figure 2. View of Cell 15A Exhaust Stack



Figure 3. View of Cell 8 Exhaust Stack

Particulates and sulfur oxides (SO_2) were collected and analyzed according to EPA method 8. Normally, three minimum one hour runs constitute a test; however, because jet fuel starters, as opposed to aircraft engines, can only operate for abbreviated periods, only one 62.5 minute run constituted a test.

The EPA method 8 sampling train (Figure 4) consisted of a button-hook probe nozzle, heated inconel probe, heated glass filter, impingers and a pumping and metering device. The nozzle was sized prior to each stack test so that the gas stream could be sampled isokinetically. In other words, the velocity at the nozzle tip was the same as the stack gas velocity at each point sampled. Flue gas velocity pressure was measured at the nozzle tip using a Type S pitot tube connected to a 10-inch inclined-vertical manometer. Type K thermocouples were used to measure flue gas and sampling train temperatures. The stainless steel probe liner was heated to minimize moisture condensation and the heated filter was used to collect particulates. The impinger train consisted of four impingers. The first and third impingers were standard Greenburg-Smith designs and the second and fourth impingers were modified Greenburg-Smiths. The first impinger contained an 80% solution of isopropanol and the second and third impinger each contained a 3% hydrogen peroxide solution. The fourth impinger contained silica gel. This system collected the water and SO_2 from the gas stream. Moisture was subsequently determined according to EPA method 4. The pumping and metering system was used to control and monitor the sample gas flow rate.

Hydrocarbons were collected using a sampling train which consisted of a metal probe, two charcoal tubes connected in series, and a pump. The pump was calibrated before and after sampling.

Carbon monoxide (CO) was continuously monitored according to EPA method 10 using Neotronics (model CO101) direct reading equipment. However, ascarite and silica gel tubes were not used in the sampling train to remove CO_2 and water, since CO_2 and water were considered to be too low in concentration to be a significant interference in the CO infrared absorptance band used. Carbon monoxide monitor was calibrated using known concentrations of CO (0, 24, 55, and 100 parts per million). Calibration was accomplished according to EPA method 10. (Appendix F)

Nitrogen oxides were monitored using an Anarad Continuous Emission Monitor (CEM) according to EPA method 7E. The CEM consisted of a metal probe, heated umbilical, sample conditioner and NO_x analyzer. Nitrogen oxide analyzer was calibrated using known concentrations of NO (0, 50, 155, 250, and 348 parts per million). Calibration was accomplished according to EPA method 20. (Appendix F)

Oxygen (O_2) and carbon dioxide (CO_2) were collected and analyzed according to EPA method 3. The sampling train and ORSAT analyzer are shown in Figures 5 and 6.

EPA methods calculations were made using the Environmental Protection Agency publication entitled, "Source Test Calculation and check programs for Hewlett-Packard 41 Calculators," (EPA-340/1-85-013) and associated software programs. Equipment calibration data is shown in Appendix F.

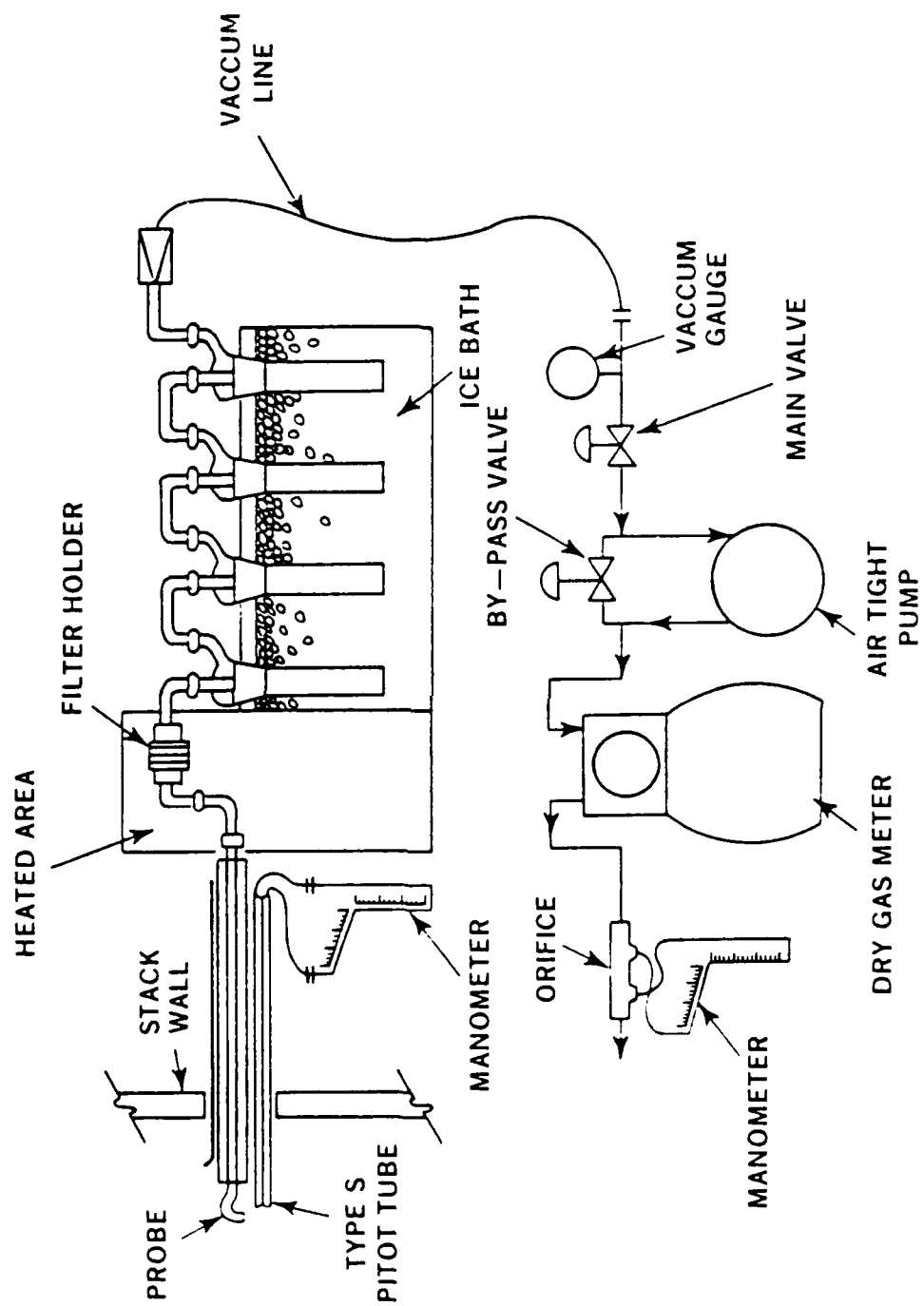


Figure 4. EPA Method 8/5 Sampling Train

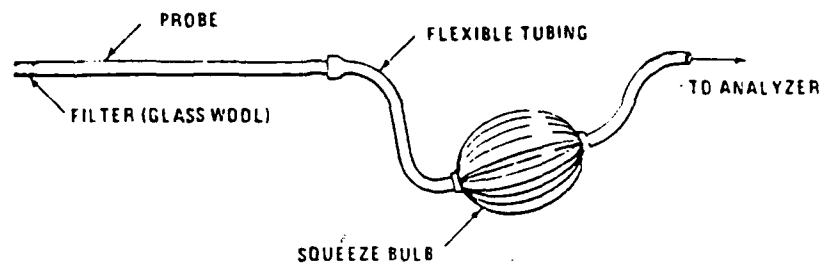


Figure 5. EPA Method 3 Sampling Train

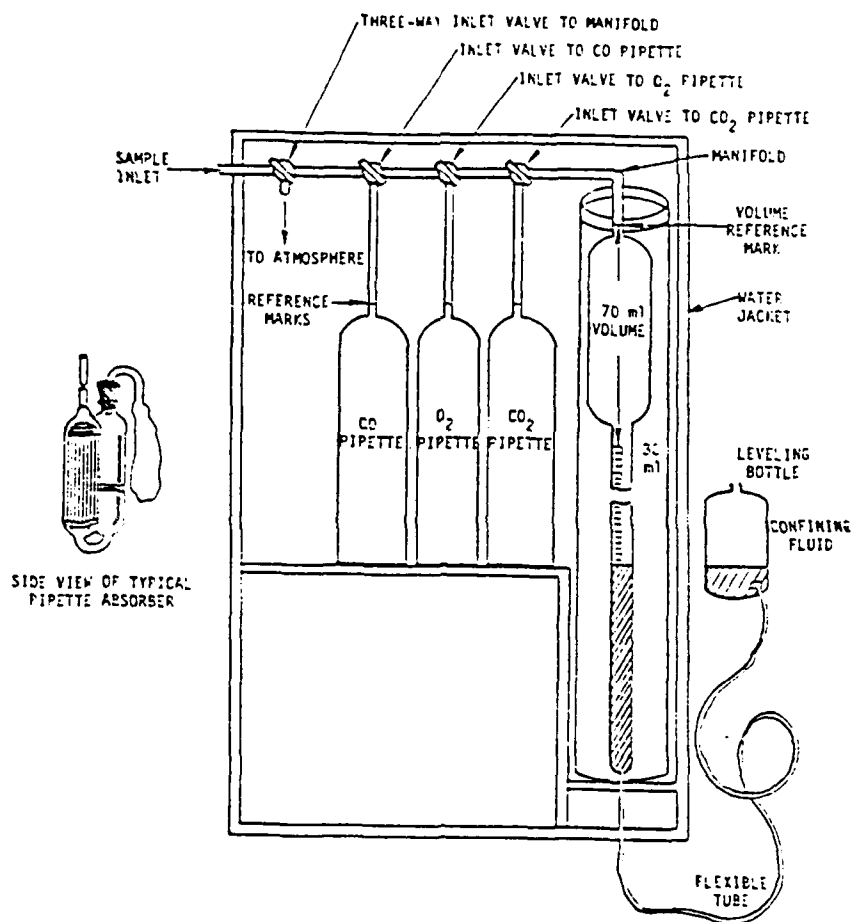


Figure 6. ORSAT GAS ANALYZER

D. Results

Table 1 provides a summary of the test results. Field data sheets are found in Appendix B and C and the resulting emissions data are presented in Appendix D. Tables 2 and 3 give engine operating parameters and emission rates. Emission rates were calculated according to 40 CFR 87 Subpart G, and these equations are shown in Appendix E.

TABLE 1. Summary of Test Results

Engine Tested	Vol, Part. Sample Part Vol (dscf)*	Part. (gdscf)+	CO ₂ (%)	O ₂ (%)	CO (ppm)	SO ₂ (mg/m ³)	NO _x (ppm)	HC (mg/m ³)
F-15 JFS	72.26	1.49E-7	2.8	14.1	290.4	<.005	14.8	<.0067
GTCP85-180	49.06	6.45E-6	3.2	14.4	118.0	<.005	18.2	<.0067

*dry standard cubic feet

+grains per dry standard cubic feet

TABLE 2. Emission Rates

Engine Tested	Power Setting (%)	Fuel Consumed (lbs/hr)	Parts. (lbs/hr)	CO (lbs/hr)	NO _x (lbs/hr)	HC (lbs/hr)
F-15 JFS	100	150	3.83E-6	3.08	0.258	<.0001
GTCP 85-180	100	360	2.48E-4	2.64	0.670	<.0001

Note: SO₂ was below detection limits

TABLE 3. Emissions Per Fuel Consumed

Engine Tested	Power Setting (%)	Parts. (lbs / 1000 lbs fuel burned)	CO	NO _x	HC
F-15 JFS	100	2.55E-5	20.53	1.72	<.001
GTCP 85-180	100	6.89E-4	7.35	1.86	<.001

III. CONCLUSIONS

Both engines ran very clean; however, it is important to note that typically particulates and hydrocarbons concentrations are inversely proportional to the engine thrust or power setting; while nitrogen oxides and carbon monoxide emissions are proportional to thrust. Therefore, this test does not give an accurate indication of the maximum particulate and hydrocarbon emissions. However, maximum hydrocarbon emissions could be estimated by comparing the data of this report with emissions of other gas turbine engines.

IV. RECOMMENDATIONS

The Kelly AFB Gas Turbine Engine Test Facility, Bldg 340, is meeting Texas Air Control Board standards. No further action is necessary at this time.

The data contained in this report should be used as an estimate of emissions from the F-15 JFS and GTCP 85-180 and used to initiate a permit application for a new Gas Turbine Engine Test Facility.

REFERENCES

1. Standards of Performance for New Stationary Sources, Title 40, Part 60, Code of Federal Regulations, July 1, 1988.
2. Quality Assurance Handbook for Air Pollution Measurement Systems - Volume III, Stationary Source Specific Methods, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, EPA-600/4-77-027-b, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina, April 1977.
3. Source Test Calculations and Check Programs for Hewlett-Packard 41 Calculators, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, EPA-340/1-85-018, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina, Sept 1985.
4. Control of Air Pollution From Aircraft and Aircraft Engines, Title 40, Part 87, Code of Federal Regulations, July 1, 1988.
5. Aircraft Engine Emissions, International Civil Aviation Organization, Annex 16, Vol II, June 1981.

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APPENDIX A

Personnel

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1. AFOEHL TEST TEAM

Capt Paul Scott, Chief, Air Quality Function
Capt Ronald Vaughn, Consultant, Air Quality Engineer
Sgt Harold Casey, Environmental Quality Technician
Amn Chris Feagin, Environmental Quality Technician

AFOEHL/EQE
Brooks AFB TX 78235-5501

Phone: AUTOVON 240-2891
Commercial (512) 536-2891

2. Kelly AFB on-site representatives

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	COM (512) 925-6874

Mr Dave Bartels	SA-ALC/MATEF
	AV 945-8711
	COM (512) 925-8711

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APPENDIX B
Field Data F-15 JFS

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12.

PARTICULATE SAMPLING DATA SHEET

SCHEMATIC OF STACK CROSS SECTION				EQUATIONS				AMBIENT TEMP			
TRaverse POINT NUMBER	SAMPLING TIME (min)	STATIC PRESSURE (in H ₂ O)	STACK TEMP		VELOCITY HEAD (Vp)	ORIFICE DIFF. PRESS. (H)	GAS SAMPLE VOLUME (cu ft)	GAS METER TEMP		SAMPLE BOX TEMP (°F)	INPINGER OUTLET TEMP (°F)
			(°F)	(Ts) (°R)				IN (°F)	AVG (Tm) (°R)	OUT (°F)	
1	2.5		565		.11	3.88	981.325	77		76	77
2	2.5		437		.10	4.04		79		76	81
3	2.5		448		.12	4.80		81		76	96
4	2.5		458		.12	4.77		85		77	118
5	2.5		456		.10	3.99		88		78	119
6	2.5		469		.13	5.13		90		78	116
7	2.5		475		.13	5.11		91		79	116
8	2.5		478		.12	4.70		91		79	113
9	2.5		478		.12	4.71		92		80	111
10	2.5		380		.15	6.53		86		84	77
11	2.5		412		.15	6.31		89		80	90
12	2.5		438		.14	5.74		92		81	96
13	2.5		456		.13	5.34		94		82	96
14	2.5		478		.12	4.73		95		82	91
15	2.5		479		.12	4.73		95		83	89
16	2.5	10	476		.14	5.53		94		83	88
17	2.5		476		.14	5.53		95		83	87
18	2.5		480		.12	4.73		96		83	87
19	2.5	9	441		.12	4.91		91		83	83
20	2.5		467		.13	5.18		93		83	84
21	2.5		457		.15	6.06		95		84	85
22	2.5		472		.14	5.57		96		84	83
23	2.5		476		.14	5.54		97		84	81

RUN NUMBER R-15 ONE JFS 66B	DATE 15 NOV 89	PLANT Bldg 340	BASE Kelly AFB	SAMPLE BOX NUMBER	METER BOX NUMBER Nutech #2	Co Qm/Qm
-----------------------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------	-------------------------------	-------------

AMBIENT TEMP STATION PRESS 28.85	in Hg HEATER BOX TEMP	OF PROBE HEATER SETTING	in PROBE LENGTH	sq ft NOZZLE AREA (A) .500	DRY GAS FRACTION (Fd) .84
--	--------------------------	----------------------------	--------------------	----------------------------------	------------------------------

$^{\circ}R = ^{\circ}F + 460$
 $H = \left[\frac{5130 \cdot Fd \cdot Co \cdot A}{Co} \right]^2 \cdot \frac{Tm}{Ts} \cdot Vp$
 Pilot check Pre - OK
 Leak check Pre - OK
 Pilot check Post -
 Leak check Post @ 15 - OK

PRELIMINARY SURVEY DATA SHEET NO. 2 (Velocity and Temperature Traverse)					
BASE Kelly AFB			DATE 15 Nov 89		
BOILER NUMBER FIS Jet Fuel Starter					
INSIDE STACK DIAMETER 25 in general diameter			Inches	6% CO ₂	
STATION PRESSURE 29.85			In Hg	8% O ₂	
STACK STATIC PRESSURE -.04			In H ₂ O	1% CO	
SAMPLING TEAM AFOWHL			5% H ₂ O		
TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	VELOCITY HEAD, V _p IN H ₂ O	$\sqrt{V_p} \propto$	STACK TEMPERATURE (°F)		
IS 1	.04	2	560		
Z/S 2	.05		563		
12/S 3	.05		563		
17/S 4	.05		575		
22/S 5	.05		565		
	FPS = 17				
	T _s = 565				
	⊖ = .525				
AVERAGE					

[illegible]

AIR POLLUTION PARTICULATE ANALYTICAL DATA

BASE <i>Kelly AFB</i>	DATE <i>15 Nov 89</i>	RUN NUMBER <i>one</i>
BUILDING NUMBER <i>340</i>	SOURCE NUMBER <i>F15 JFS</i>	

I. PARTICULATES			
ITEM	FINAL WEIGHT (gm)	INITIAL WEIGHT (gm)	WEIGHT PARTICLES (gm)
FILTER NUMBER	<i>.2889</i>	<i>.2886</i>	<i>.0003</i>
ACETONE WASHINGS (Probe, Front Half Filter)	<i>104.9783</i>	<i>104.9579</i>	<i>.0004</i>
BACK HALF (if needed)			
	Total Weight of Particulates Collected		<i>.0007 gm</i>

II. WATER			
ITEM	FINAL WEIGHT (gm)	INITIAL WEIGHT (gm)	WEIGHT WATER (gm)
IMPINGER 1 (H2O)	<i>32.0</i>	<i>200</i>	<i>-68.6</i>
IMPINGER 2 (H2O)	<i>244.0</i>	<i>200</i>	<i>44.0</i>
IMPINGER 3 (Dry)	<i>240.0</i>	<i>200</i>	<i>40.0</i>
IMPINGER 4 (Silica Gel)	<i>243.5</i>	<i>200</i>	<i>43.5</i>
	Total Weight of Water Collected		<i>gm</i>

III. GASES (Dry)					
ITEM	ANALYSIS 1	ANALYSIS 2	ANALYSIS 3	ANALYSIS 4	AVERAGE
VOL % CO ₂	<i>2.8</i>	<i>2.8</i>	<i>2.8</i>		<i>2.8</i>
VOL % O ₂	<i>14.2</i>	<i>14.1</i>	<i>14.1</i>		<i>14.1</i>
VOL % CO					
VOL % N ₂					

Vol % N₂ = (100% - % CO₂ - % O₂ - % CO)

AFOEHL/EQE

Date of report: Nov 15, 1989 11:46.04

Coverage of report:

Nov 15, 1989 10:10.00 to Nov 15, 1989 11:34.00

Stream	Gas		Avg	Max	Min	n
Stack	NOX	PPM	14.8	15.9	13.0	64
Stack	CO	PPM	345.8	408.0	333.0	64

Corrected to Calibration Plots

Stack	NOX	PPM	14.8	15.9	13.0	64
Stack	CO	PPM	290.4	349.0	292.0	64

APPENDIX C

Field Data GTCP 85-180

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1/2

PARTICULATE SAMPLING DATA SHEET

SCHEMATIC OF STACK CROSS SECTION				EQUATIONS				AMBIENT TEMP			
TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	SAMPLING TIME (min)	STATIC PRESSURE (in H ₂ O)	STACK TEMP		VELOCITY HEAD (Vp)	ORIFICE DIFF. PRESS. (in)	GAS SAMPLE VOLUME (cu ft)	GAS METER TEMP		SAMPLE BOX TEMP (°F)	IMPINGER OUTLET TEMP (°F)
			(°F)	(°R)				IN (°F)	AVG (Im) (°R)	OUT (°F)	
1	2.5		445		.15	1.94	55.776	77	77	76	89
2	2.5		464		.17	2.14		80		76	83
3	2.5		466		.15	1.90		80		76	87
4	2.5		462		.11	1.40		84		77	92
5	2.5		454		.10	1.29		86		77	92
6	2.5		441		.13	1.70		86		77	89
7	2.5		465		.14	1.79		88		78	86
8	2.5		472		.19	2.42		89		79	87
9	2.5	4	470		.19	2.42		89		79	86
10	2.5		462		.20	2.57		91		79	85
11	2.5		470		.24	3.07		92		79	87
12	2.5		478		.20	2.54		93		80	89
13	2.5	4	473		.15	1.92		94		81	91
14	2.5		469		.14	1.80		93		81	91
15	2.5		460		.14	1.81		93		81	91
16	2.5		466		.20	2.58		93		82	91
17	2.5		472		.19	2.44		94		83	92
18	2.5		474		.20	2.56		95		83	94
19	2.5		477		.23	2.93		95		83	94
20	2.5		457		.21	2.74		96		84	94
21	2.5		463		.21	2.73		96		84	90
22	2.5		478		.19	2.43		96		84	84
23	2.5		476		.19	2.43		96		85	81

RUN NUMBER	2
DATE	15 NOV 89
PLANT	Kelly AFB
BASE	Bldg 340
SAMPLE BOX NUMBER	Nutec 2
METER BOX NUMBER	
Qw/Qm	
Co	

SCHEMATIC OF STACK CROSS SECTION	
	<p>Bldg</p> <p>Probe</p> <p>Truck</p>
<p>H3A</p> <p>H3B</p>	

EQUATIONS	
$OR = OF + 460$ $H = \left[\frac{5130 \cdot F \cdot Co \cdot A}{Co} \right]^2 \cdot \frac{Tm}{Ts} \cdot Vp$	<p>Pilot Check Pre - OK</p> <p>Leak Check Pre - OK</p> <p>Pos leak Check @ 15 - OK</p>

AMBIENT TEMP	
STATION PRESS	29.85
HEATER BOX TEMP	
PROBE HEATER SETTING	
PROBE LENGTH	
NOZZLE AREA (A)	.377
Cp	.84
DRY GAS FRACTION (Fd)	

PRELIMINARY SURVEY DATA SHEET NO. 2
(Velocity and Temperature Traverse)

BASE

Kelly

DATE

15 Nov 89

BOILER NUMBER

INSIDE STACK DIAMETER

28.7

Inches

STATION PRESSURE

29.85

In Hg

594,0

STACK STATIC PRESSURE

-05

In H₂O

SAMPLING TEAM

TRAVERSE POINT NUMBER	VELOCITY HEAD, V _p IN H ₂ O	$\sqrt{V_p}$	STACK TEMPERATURE (°F)
1	.13	0	394
2	.13	1	397
3	.14	3	415
4	.16	2	420
5	.20	4	426
	$\overline{VP} = 28$		
	$T_s = 418$		
	$C = .377$		
	AVERAGE		

BASE <i>Kelly</i>	PLANT
DATE <i>15 Nov 89</i>	SAMPLING TEAM

[illegible]

INSIDE STACK DIAMETER

equal 28-7 TYP

Inches

RELATED CAPACITY

TYPE FUEL

DISTANCE FROM OUTSIDE OF NIPPLE TO INSIDE DIAMETER

Inches

NUMBER OF TRAVERSES

NUMBER OF POINTS/TRVERSE	
1	1
2	2
3	3
4	4
5	5
6	6
7	7
8	8
9	9
10	10
11	11
12	12
13	13
14	14
15	15
16	16
17	17
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5

(25 total Points)

[illegible]

AIR POLLUTION PARTICULATE ANALYTICAL DATA

BASE <div style="font-size: 1.2em; font-family: cursive;">Kelly AFB</div>	DATE <div style="font-size: 1.2em; font-family: cursive;">15 Nov 89</div>	RUN NUMBER <div style="font-size: 1.2em; font-family: cursive;">N/A</div>
---	---	---

BUILDING NUMBER <div style="font-size: 1.2em; font-family: cursive;">GTE</div>	SOURCE NUMBER <div style="font-size: 1.2em; font-family: cursive;">GTE</div>
--	--

I. PARTICULATES			
ITEM	FINAL WEIGHT (gm)	INITIAL WEIGHT (gm)	WEIGHT PARTICLES (gm)
FILTER NUMBER	.2957	.2943	.0014
ACETONE WASHINGS (Probe, Front Half Filter)	98.7549	98.7358	.0191
BACK HALF (if needed)			
Total Weight of Particulates Collected			.0205 gm

II. WATER			
ITEM	FINAL WEIGHT (gm)	INITIAL WEIGHT (gm)	WEIGHT WATER (gm)
IMPINGER 1 (H2O)	72	200	-128
IMPINGER 2 (H2O)	230	200	30
IMPINGER 3 (Dry)	241	200	41
IMPINGER 4 (Silica Gel)	233	200	33
Total Weight of Water Collected			gm

III. GASES (Dry)					
ITEM	ANALYSIS 1	ANALYSIS 2	ANALYSIS 3	ANALYSIS 4	AVERAGE
VOL % CO ₂	3.1	3.2	3.2		3.2
VOL % O ₂	14.3	14.4	14.4		14.4
VOL % CO					
VOL % N ₂					

$$\text{Vol \% N}_2 = (100\% - \% \text{CO}_2 - \% \text{O}_2 - \% \text{CO})$$

AFOEHL/EQE

Date of report: Nov 15, 1989 15:52.45

Coverage of report:

Nov 15, 1989 13:50.00 to Nov 15, 1989 14:54.00

Stream	Gas		Avg	Max	Min	n
Stack	NOX	PPM	18.2	21.1	13.5	64
Stack	CO	PPM	134.4	139.0	115.0	64

Corrected to Calibration Plots

Stack	NOX	PPM	18.2	21.1	13.5	64
Stack	CO	PPM	118.0	123.0	96.0	64

APPENDIX D
Emission Data

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EPA Method 5

	<u>RUN #1</u>	<u>RUN #2</u>
Meter Box Y	.9990	.9990
Delta H (in H ₂ O	5.12	2.26
Bar Press (in Hg)	29.85	29.85
Meter Vol (FT ³)	73.9670	50.6250
MTR TEMP F	86	86
Static HOH IN	-.04	-.05
ml Wate	59.5	76
% HOH	3.7	6.8
% CO ₂	2.8	3.2
% Oxygen	11	14.4
MWd	29.20	29.09
MW Wet	28.78	28.33
SQRT PSTS	10.8739	12.7063
Time Min	62.5	62.5
Nozzle Dia	.500	.377
STK Dia IN	25.0	28.7
VOL MTR STD	72.261	49.064
Stack DSCFM	2,990	4,479
% Isokinetics	96.72	101.64

EPA Mass Flow

	<u>RUN 1 F-15JFS</u>	<u>RUN 2 GTCP 85-180</u>
VOL MTR STD	72.261	49.064
Stack DSCFM	2,990	4,479
Front 1/2 mg	.0007	.0205
GR/DSCF	1.49E -7	6.45E -6
mg/MMM	3.42E -4	0.01
lb/HR	3.83E -6	2.48E -4
KG/HR	1.74E -6	1.12E -4

LABORATORY ANALYSIS REPORT AND RECORD (General)				DATE 05 DEC 1989	
TO:			FROM:		
SAMPLE IDENTITY				DATE RECEIVED 20 NOV 89	
SAMPLE FROM BLDG 340				LAB CONTROL NR 65384-388	
TEST FOR PD-680					
RESULTS					
OEHL #	BASE #	Volume sampled	mg PLANT SECTION	mg BACK SECTION	TOTAL mg/m ³
65384	SX890083	7.38L	NO	NO	NO
65385	SX890084	7.38L	NO	NO	NO
65386	SX890085	7.50L	NO	NO	NO
65387	SX890086	7.50L	NO	NO	NO
65388	BX840087		NO	NO	—
ND=NONE DETECTED			LIMIT OF DETECTION - 0.005 mg		
<i>Andrew Richardson, III</i> ANDREW RICHARDSON, III, GS-12 Chief, IH Analysis Section					
REQUESTING AGENCY (Mailing Address) OEHL/EGE AT CAPT VAUGHN					

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APPENDIX E
Emission Equations

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CALCULATION OF MASS EMISSION RATES

1. Mass emission rates for gas turbine and piston engines were calculated using the formulas specified by EPA.

For gas turbine engines, these formulas are:

$$\text{HC emission rate} = \frac{M_{\text{HC}} \frac{(\text{HC})}{10^4} F^*}{(M_C + \alpha M_H) \left[\frac{(\text{CO})}{10^4} + (\text{CO}_2) + \frac{(\text{HC})}{10^4} \right]}$$

$$\text{CO emission rate} = \frac{M_{\text{CO}} \frac{(\text{CO})}{10^4} F}{(M_C + \alpha M_H) \left[\frac{(\text{CO})}{10^4} + (\text{CO}_2) + \frac{(\text{HC})}{10^4} \right]}$$

$$\text{NO}_x \text{ emission rate} = \frac{M_{\text{NO}_2} \frac{(\text{NO}_x)}{10^4} F}{(M_C + \alpha M_H) \left[\frac{(\text{CO})}{10^4} + (\text{CO}_2) + \frac{(\text{HC})}{10^4} \right]}$$

* Defined - next page

2. Emission rates for hydrocarbons, carbon monoxide, oxides of nitrogen, and particulates also are expressed as pounds per 1000 pounds of fuel. These values are obtained by dividing the emission rate, expressed as pounds per hour, by the fuel flow (pounds per hour) and multiplying by 1000.

where:

HC emission rate = Pounds per hour of exhaust hydrocarbons emitted in an operational mode

CO emission rate = Pounds per hour of exhaust carbon monoxide emitted in an operational mode

NO_x emission rate = Pounds per hour of exhaust oxides of nitrogen emitted in an operational mode

M_{HC} = Molecular weight of methane, M_{HC} = 16.04

M_{CO} = Molecular weight of carbon monoxide

M_{NO₂} = Molecular weight of nitrogen dioxide

M_C = Atomic weight of carbon

M_H = Atomic weight of hydrogen, M_H = 1.008

α = Atomic hydrogen - carbon ratio of fuel
(equal to 2 in approximation equations)

(HC) = Concentration of hydrocarbons in the exhaust sample in parts per million carbon equivalent, i.e., equivalent propane × 3.

(CO) = Concentration of carbon monoxide in the exhaust sample in parts per million by volume.

(CO₂) = Concentration of carbon dioxide in the exhaust sample in volume percent

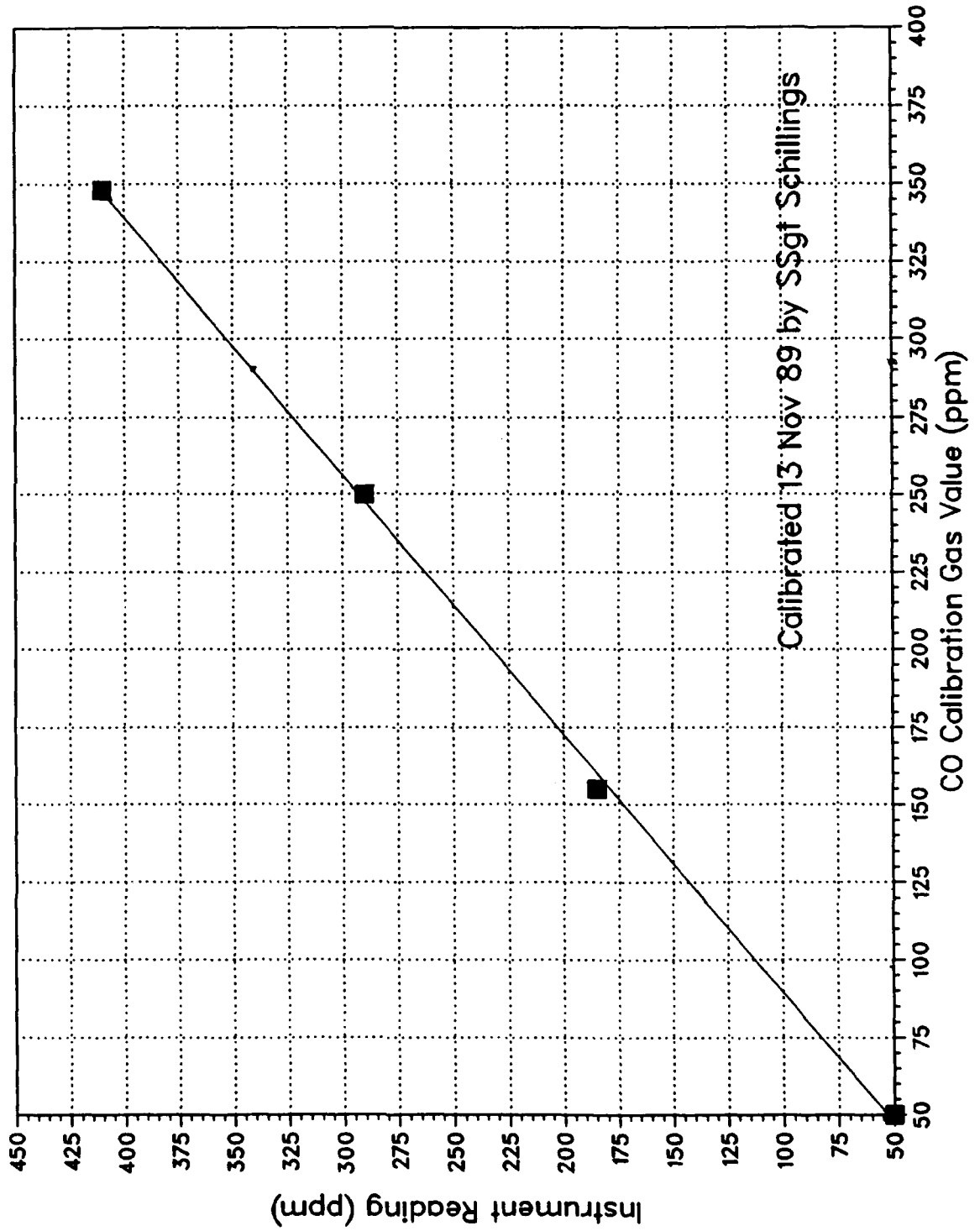
(NO_x) = Concentration of oxides of nitrogen in the exhaust sample in parts per million by volume, NO + NO_x.

F = Mass rate of fuel flow in pounds per hour.

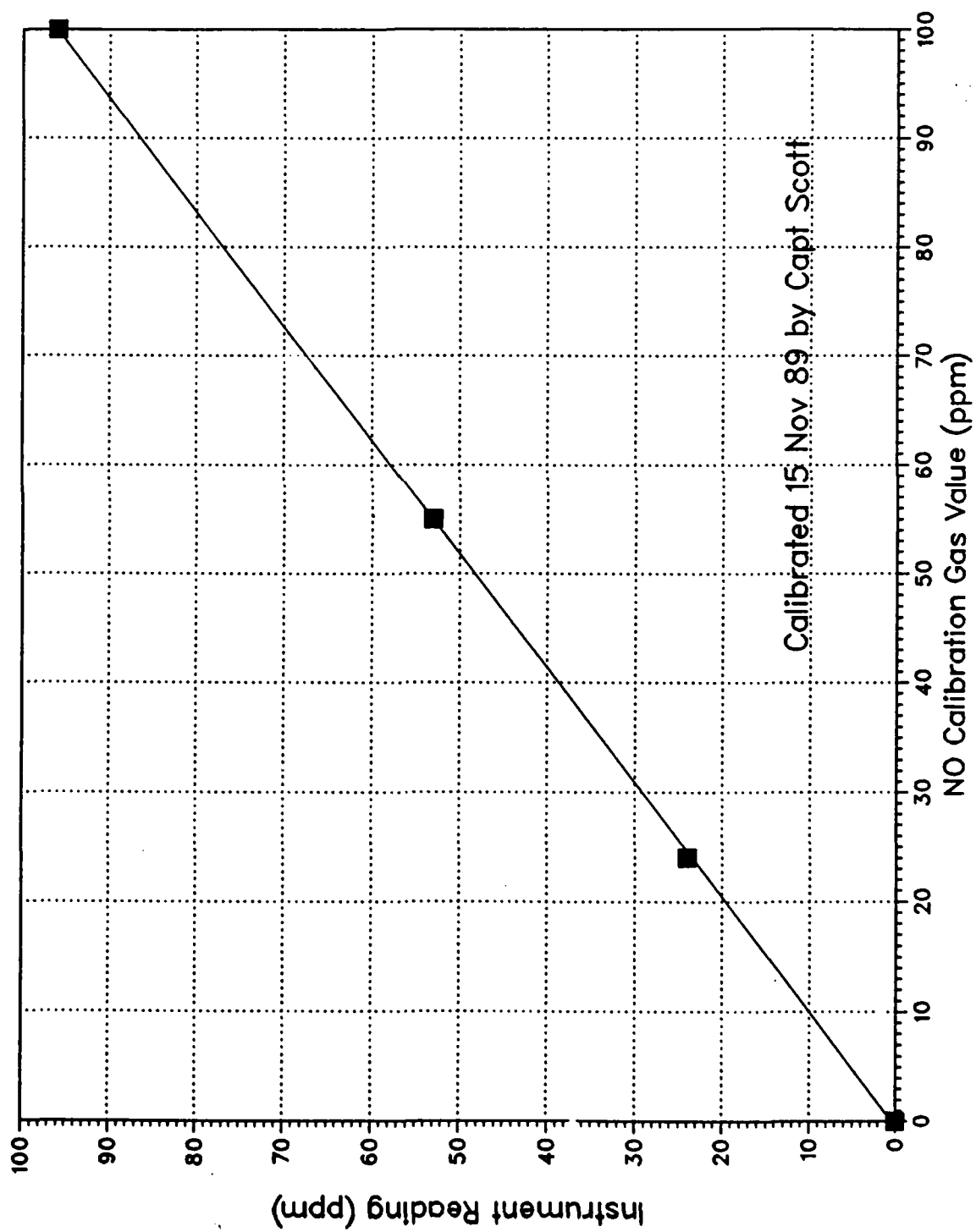
APPENDIX F
Calibration Data

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Neutronics – Model # CO101



Anarad - CEM



POSTTEST DRY GAS METER CALIBRATION DATA FORM (English units)

Sec H / Varyhn

Test number one Date 12 Dec 89 Meter box number Nutek 2 Plant Pre Kelly Fl, Rock/Kelly GTE
 Barometric pressure, $P_b = 29.350$ in. Hg Dry gas meter number N/A Pretest Y 0.999 $\Delta H = 1.969$

Orifice manometer setting, (ΔH), in. H ₂ O	Gas volume		Temperature				Time (Θ), min	Vacuum setting, in. Hg	Y _i	Y _i $\frac{V_w P_b (t_d + 460)}{V_d \left(P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6} \right) (t_w + 460)}$
	Wet test meter (V _w), ft ³	Dry gas meter (V _d), ft ³	Wet test meter (t _w), °F	Dry gas meter						
				Inlet (t _d), °F	Outlet (t _d), °F	Average (t _d), °F				
.5	10	10.174	66 64	65	70 75	70 70	71.25	4.0	0.993	$\frac{(10)(29.35)(531.25)}{(10.174)(29.35 + 0.348)(525)}$
.5	10	10.225	64 65	64.5	75 76	73 73	74.0	4.0	0.992	$\frac{(10)(29.35)(531.25)}{(10.225)(29.35 + 0.348)(525)}$
.5	10	10.277	63 67	67	80 81	75 76	78.0	4.0	0.992	$\frac{(10)(29.35)(531.25)}{(10.277)(29.35 + 0.348)(525)}$
									Y = 0.992	

^a If there is only one thermometer on the dry gas meter, record the temperature under t_d

where

V_w = Gas volume passing through the wet test meter, ft^3 .

V_d = Gas volume passing through the dry gas meter, ft^3 .

t_w = Temperature of the gas in the wet test meter, $^{\circ}F$.

t_{d_i} = Temperature of the inlet gas of the dry gas meter, $^{\circ}F$.

t_{d_o} = Temperature of the outlet gas of the dry gas meter, $^{\circ}F$.

t_d = Average temperature of the gas in the dry gas meter, obtained by the average of t_{d_i} and t_{d_o} , $^{\circ}F$.

ΔH = Pressure differential across orifice, in. H_2O .

Y_i = Ratio of accuracy of wet test meter to dry gas meter for each run.

Y = Average ratio of accuracy of wet test meter to dry gas meter for all three runs;
 tolerance = pretest $Y \pm 0.05Y$. $0.999 \pm 0.04995 \Rightarrow 0.941 \leftarrow Y_{\text{test}} \geq 1.049$

P_b = Barometric pressure, in. Hg.

θ = Time of calibration run, min.

METER BOX CALIBRATION DATA AND CALCULATION FORM

(English units)

Date 28 Sept 89

Meter box number Nutech 2

Barometric pressure, $P_b = 29.82$ in. Hg Calibrated by Scott & Vaughan

IAC

Orifice manometer setting (ΔH), in. H ₂ O	Gas volume		Temperature				Time (θ), min	Y _i	$\Delta H @ i$ in. H ₂ O
	Wet test meter (V _w), ft ³	Dry gas meter (V _d), ft ³	Wet test meter (t _w), °F R	Dry gas meter					
				Inlet (t _{d_i}), °F R	Outlet (t _{d_o}), °F R	Avg ^a (t _d), °F R			
0.5	5	5.060	78 78 538	79 84 541.5	77 79 538	537.8	12.9	0.990	1.897
1.0	5	5.060	79 79 539	81 91 549	80 81 540.5	544.8	9.0	0.996	1.837 1.870
1.5	10	10.150	80 79 539.5	86 96 557	86 87 546.5	551.8	15.2	1.004	1.943
2.0	10	10.195	79 79 539	88 100 559	87 89 548	553.5	13.2	1.002	1.944
3.0	10	10.155	79 80 539.5	101 562.5 104 565	90 91 550.5	556.5	10.7	1.008	1.910
4.0	10	10.025 10.135	80 77 538.5	80 89 544.5	74 77 535.5	540	10.0	0.991	2.383
Avg								0.999	1.969

ΔH , in. H ₂ O	$\frac{\Delta H}{13.6}$	$Y_i = \frac{V_w P_b (t_d + 460)}{V_d (P_b + \frac{\Delta H}{13.6}) (t_w + 460)}$	$\Delta H @ i = \frac{0.0317 \Delta H}{P_b (t_d + 460)} \left[\frac{(t_w + 460) \theta}{V_w} \right]^2$
0.5	0.0368	$y_1 = \frac{(5)(29.82)(537.8)}{(5.06)(29.82 + 0.0368/13.6)(538)}$	$H_{w1} = \frac{(0.0317)(0.5)}{(29.82)(537.8)} \left[\frac{(538)(12.9)}{5} \right]^2$
1.0	0.0737	$y_2 = \frac{(5)(29.82)(544.8)}{(5.06)(29.82 + 0.0737/13.6)(539)}$	$H_{w2} = \frac{(0.0317)(1)}{(29.82)(544.8)} \left[\frac{(539)(9.0)}{5} \right]^2$
1.5	0.110	$y_3 = \frac{(10)(29.82)(551.8)}{(10.15)(29.82 + 0.110/13.6)(539.5)}$	$H_{w3} = \frac{(0.0317)(1.5)}{(29.82)(551.8)} \left[\frac{(539.5)(15.2)}{10} \right]^2$
2.0	0.147	$y_4 = \frac{(10)(29.82)(553.5)}{(10.195)(29.82 + 0.147/13.6)(539)}$	$H_{w4} = \frac{(0.0317)(2.0)}{(29.82)(553.5)} \left[\frac{(539)(13.2)}{10} \right]^2$
3.0	0.221	$y_5 = \frac{(10)(29.82)(556.5)}{(10.155)(29.82 + 0.221/13.6)(539.5)}$	$H_{w5} = \frac{(0.0317)(3.0)}{(29.82)(556.5)} \left[\frac{(539.5)(10.7)}{10} \right]^2$
4.0	0.294	$y_6 = \frac{(10)(29.82)(540)}{(10.025)(29.82 + 0.294/13.6)(538.5)}$	$H_{w6} = \frac{(0.0317)(4.0)}{(29.82)(540)} \left[\frac{(538.5)(10.0)}{10} \right]^2$

^a If there is only one thermometer on the dry gas meter, record the temperature under t_d .

CALIBRATION DATA FOR PUMPS A and B

	<u>BEFORE</u>	<u>AFTER</u>
PUMP A	123 cc/min	124 cc/min
PUMP B	123 cc/min	127 cc/min

Pump A used in determining total hydrocarbons on F-15 JFS.

Pump B used in determining total hydrocarbons on GTE.

cc/min = cubic centimeter per minute

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Distribution List

	Copies
HQ AFLC/SGBE Wright-Patterson AFB OH 45433-5001	1
HQ USAF/SGPA Bolling AFB DC 20332-6188	1
HQ AFSC/SGP Andrews AFB DC 20334-5000	1
7100 CSW Med Cen/SG3 APO New York 09220-5300	1
OL AD, AFOEHL APO San Francisco 96274-5000	1
USAFSAM/TSK/ED/EDH/EDZ Brooks AFB TX 78235-5301	1 ea
Defense Technical Information Center Cameron Station Alexandria VA 22304-6145	2
HQ HSD/XA Brooks AFB TX 78235-5000	1
HQ USAF/LEEV Bolling AFB DC 20330-5000	1
HQ AFESC/RDV Tyndall AFB FL 32403-6001	1
SA-ALC/EM Kelly AFB TX 78241-5000	5